UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION

CACE NO

BRITTANY MINER) CASE NO.
330 Parker Street)
Mansfield, OH 44903) JUDGE
Plaintiff,)
vs.) PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT
NEWMAN TECHNOLOGY, INC.) (Jury Demand Endorsed Herein)
c/o Ct Corporation System)
4400 Easton Commons Way)
Suite 125)
Columbus, OH 43219)
·)
Defendant.	,

Now comes Plaintiff, Brittany Miner, by and through counsel, and for her Complaint against Defendant Newman Technology, Inc. ("Defendant"), states and alleges the following:

INTRODUCTION

1. This is a "collective action" instituted by Plaintiff as a result of Defendant's practices and policies of not paying its hourly, non-exempt employees, including Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees, for all hours worked, in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. §§ 201-219, as well as a "class action" pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 to remedy violations of the Ohio Minimum Fair Wage Standards Act ("OMFWSA"), R.C. 4111.03.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. The Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's FLSA claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).
 - 3. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's OMFWSA claims

pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1367 because the claims are so related to the FLSA claims as to form part of the same case or controversy.

4. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendant maintains a facility and headquarters at 100 Cairns Road, Mansfield, OH 44903, Richland County, within this District and Division, and a substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this District and Division.

PARTIES

- 5. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was a resident of Richland County, Ohio.
- 6. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was an employee within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(e) and R.C. § 4111.03(D)(3).
- 7. At all times relevant herein, Defendant was a foreign corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware and maintained a physical location in Richland County, Ohio.
- 8. At all times relevant herein, Defendant was an employer within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(d) and R.C. § 4111.03(D)(2).
- 9. At all times relevant herein, Defendant was an enterprise within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(r).
- 10. At all times relevant herein, Defendant was an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203(s)(1).
- 11. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiff was an employee engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 206-207.
- 12. Written consents to join this action as to Count One, as and when executed by other individual plaintiffs, will be filed pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 13. Defendant is a manufacturer of automotive exhaust systems, frames, and trim products and has operations in Mansfield Ohio, South Carolina, and Mexico.
- 14. Defendant employed Plaintiff as a press operator from approximately October 2013 to December 2020 in Mansfield, Ohio.
- 15. Other similarly-situated employees were employed by Defendant as manufacturing employees, in positions that included but were not limited to machine operators and associates.
 - 16. Defendant paid Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees an hourly wage.

(Failure to Pay for All Hours Worked)

- 17. Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees were only paid for work performed between their scheduled start and stop times, and were not paid for the following work performed before and after their scheduled start and stop times: a) changing into and out of their uniform and personal protective equipment, including but not limited to special protective gloves, boots, shirts, pants, safety glasses, clothing, and protective sleeves; b) getting tools, equipment and/or paperwork necessary to perform their manufacturing work; c) walking to and from their assigned area of the manufacturing floor; and d) performing their manufacturing work.
- 18. The amount of time Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees spent on this required and unpaid work amounted to approximately 15 minutes each day.

(Failure to Pay For Donning Time)

- 19. Before Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees began their shifts, they donned protective sleeves, special gloves, boots, safety glasses, and required shirts and pant uniforms.
- 20. The time Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees spent donning their personal protective equipment was an integral and indispensable part of their principal activities, was required by Defendant, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA"), and was performed for Defendant's benefit in that it helped keep the production floor safe, and helped promote a more safe and efficient manufacturing process.
- 21. Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees were not paid for time spent donning their uniforms and personal protective equipment.

(Failure to Pay For Postdonning Walk Time)

- 22. After donning their personal protective equipment, Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees walked from the area in which they changed into personal protective equipment to the production floor. Such time constitutes "postdonning walk time."
- 23. Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees were not paid for their postdonning walk time.

(Failure to Pay For Predoffing Walk Time)

- 24. After the end of their shifts, Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees walked from the production floor to the area in which they changed out of their personal protective equipment. Such time constitutes "predoffing walk time."
- 25. Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees were not paid for their predoffing walk time.

(Failure to Pay for Doffing Time)

- 26. At the end of their shifts, Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees doffed their personal protective equipment.
- 27. The time Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees spent doffing their personal protective equipment was an integral and indispensable part of their principal activities, was required by Defendant, OSHA, and was performed for Defendant's benefit in that it helped keep the manufacturing floor safe and helped promote a more safe and efficient manufacturing process.
- 28. Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees were not paid for time spent doffing their personal protective equipment and uniforms.

(Other uncompensated work)

29. Plaintiff regularly worked fully or in part through her uncompensated lunch period, and Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees performed work for Defendant before their regularly scheduled shift time began.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 30. Plaintiff brings Count One of this action on her own behalf pursuant to 29 U.S.C. \$ 216(b), and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated who have been, are being, or will be adversely affected by Defendant's unlawful conduct.
- 31. The class which Plaintiff seeks to represent and for whom Plaintiff seeks the right to send "opt-in" notices for purposes of the collective action, and of which Plaintiff is herself a member, is composed of and defined as follows:
 - All former and current manufacturing employees of Newman Technology, Inc.'s Ohio facility between March 29, 2018 and the present.
- 32. Plaintiff is unable to state at this time the exact size of the potential class, but upon information and belief, avers that it consists of at least 100 persons.

- 33. This action is maintainable as an "opt-in" collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) as to claims for unpaid overtime compensation, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees and costs under the FLSA. In addition to Plaintiff, numerous current and former employees are similarly situated with regard to their claims for unpaid wages and damages. Plaintiff is representative of those other employees and is acting on behalf of their interests as well as her own in bringing this action.
- 34. These similarly-situated employees are known to Defendant and are readily identifiable through Defendant's payroll records. These individuals may readily be notified of this action, and allowed to opt in pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), for the purpose of collectively adjudicating their claims for unpaid overtime compensation, liquidated damages, attorneys' fees and costs under the FLSA.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 35. Plaintiff brings Count Two of this action pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of herself and all other members of the class ("the Ohio Class") defined as:

 All former and current manufacturing employees of Newman Technology, Inc.'s Ohio facility between March 29, 2018 and the present.
- 36. The Ohio Class is so numerous that joinder of all class members is impracticable. Plaintiff is unable to state at this time the exact size of the potential Ohio Class, but upon information and belief, avers that it consists of at least 1000 persons.
- 37. There are questions of law or fact common to the Ohio Class, including but not limited to the following:
 - (a) whether Defendant failed to pay overtime compensation to its welders for hours worked in excess of 40 each workweek; and
 - (b) what amount of monetary relief will compensate Plaintiff and other members of the class for Defendant's violation of R.C. 4111.03

and 4111.10.

- 38. The claims of the named Plaintiff Brittany Miner are typical of the claims of other members of the Ohio Class. Named Plaintiff's claims arise out of the same uniform course of conduct by Defendant, and are based on the same legal theories, as the claims of the other Ohio Class members.
- 39. Named Plaintiff Brittany Miner will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Ohio Class. Her interests are not antagonistic to, but rather are in unison with, the interests of the other Ohio Class members. The named Plaintiff's counsel has broad experience in handling class action wage-and-hour litigation, and is fully qualified to prosecute the claims of the Ohio Class in this case.
- 40. The questions of law or fact that are common to the Ohio Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members. The primary questions that will determine Defendant's liability to the Ohio Class, listed above, are common to the class as a whole, and predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members.
- 41. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Requiring Ohio Class members to pursue their claims individually would entail a host of separate suits, with concomitant duplication of costs, attorneys' fees, and demands on court resources. Many Ohio Class members' claims are sufficiently small that they would be reluctant to incur the substantial cost, expense, and risk of pursuing their claims individually. Certification of this case pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 will enable the issues to be adjudicated for all class members with the efficiencies of class litigation.

COUNT ONE(Fair Labor Standards Act Violations)

42. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations as if fully rewritten

herein.

- 43. Defendant's practice and policy of not paying Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees for all time worked and overtime compensation at a rate of one and one-half times their regular rate of pay for all of the hours they worked over 40 each workweek violated the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201-219 and 29 CFR § 785.24.
- 44. Defendant's failure to keep records of all of the hours worked each workday and the total hours worked each workweek by Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees violated the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201-219, 29 CFR 516.2(a)(7).
- 45. By engaging in the above-mentioned conduct, Defendant willfully, knowingly, and/or recklessly violated the provisions of the FLSA.
- 46. As a result of Defendant's practices and policies, Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees have been damages in that they have not received wages due to them pursuant to the FLSA.

COUNT TWO(Violations of Ohio Revised Code 4111.03)

- 47. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations as if fully rewritten herein.
- 48. Defendant's practice and policy of not paying Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees for all time worked and overtime compensation at a rate of one and one-half times their regular rate of pay for all of the hours they worked over 40 each workweek violated the OMFWSA, R.C. 4111.03.
- 49. Defendant's failure to keep records of all of the hours worked each workday and the total hours worked each workweek by Plaintiff and other similarly-situated hourly violated the OMFWSA, R.C. 4111.03.

- 50. By engaging in the above-mentioned conduct, Defendant willfully, knowingly and/or recklessly violated the provisions of the OMFWSA.
- 51. As a result of Defendant's practices and policies, Plaintiff and other similarly-situated employees have been damaged in that they have not received wages due to them pursuant to the OMFWSA.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, and all those similarly-situated, collectively pray that this Honorable Court:

- A. Issue an order permitting this litigation to proceed as a collective action and certifying the class pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. R. 23(a) and (b)(3);
- B. Order prompt notice, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), to all class members that this litigation is pending and that they have the right to "opt in" to this litigation;
 - C. Award Plaintiff and the class she represents actual damages for unpaid wages;
- D. Award Plaintiff and the class she represents liquidated damages equal in amount to the unpaid wages found due to Plaintiff and the class;
- E. Award Plaintiff and the class she represents pre- and post-judgment interest at the statutory rate;
- F. Award Plaintiff and the class she represents attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements; and
- G. Award Plaintiff and the class she represents further and additional relief as this
 Court deems just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Anthony J. Lazzaro

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JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

/s/ David J. Steiner
One of the Attorneys for Plaintiff